



Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Bearing Resources Ltd. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of management. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2016 and 2015 have not been reviewed or audited by the Company's independent auditors.

Bearing Resources Ltd.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

As at	July 31, 2016	October 31, 2015
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 461,096	\$ 573,816
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	7,458	4,790
Investments	1	1
	<u>468,555</u>	<u>578,607</u>
Non-current assets		
Reclamation bonds and deposits	21,957	21,942
Mineral property interests (note 4)	248,329	248,329
	<u>\$ 738,841</u>	<u>\$ 848,878</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 30,024	\$ 22,419
Shareholders' Equity		
Common shares	8,677,789	8,677,789
Contributed surplus	5,023,092	5,023,092
Accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI")	1,946	3,267
Deficit	<u>(12,994,010)</u>	<u>(12,877,689)</u>
	<u>708,817</u>	<u>826,459</u>
	<u>\$ 738,841</u>	<u>\$ 848,878</u>

Contingencies (note 11)

Subsequent events (note 12)

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved for issuance by the Board of Directors on September 27, 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

"Kirk Shaw"

Director

"Jeremy Poirier"

Director

Bearing Resources Ltd.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

	Three Months Ended July 31, 2016	Three Months Ended July 31, 2015	Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016	Nine Months Ended July 31, 2015
Expenditures				
Exploration costs				
Expenditures (note 3)	\$ 5,715	\$ 8,191	\$ 22,246	\$(393)
Write-downs of mineral property interests	-	-	-	345,057
	5,715	8,191	22,246	344,664
Corporate and other costs				
Audit, filing and legal fees	25,209	16,265	50,108	42,530
Consulting and labour	12,689	19,898	32,789	83,899
Finance income	(38)	(741)	(109)	(5,368)
Foreign exchange (gain)	(2,906)	(5,790)	200	(9,431)
Realized loss on disposal of shares	-	1,570	-	1,570
Rent and office costs	4,033	5,733	11,088	16,392
	38,987		94,076	
Loss for the period	\$ 44,701	\$ 45,125	\$ 116,321	\$ 474,256
Other comprehensive income				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	365	(768)	1,321	1,490
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$ 45,066	\$ 44,358	\$ 117,642	\$ 475,746
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02	0.07
Weighted average shares outstanding	6,472,418	6,472,418	6,472,418	6,472,418

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Bearing Resources Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Shareholders' Equity

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

	Common shares		Contributed Surplus	AOCI	Deficit	Shareholders' equity
	No. of shares	Amount \$				
Balance, October 31, 2014	6,472,418	8,677,789	5,023,092	5,286	(12,367,410)	1,338,757
Comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(1,490)	(474,256)	(475,746)
Balance, July 31, 2015	6,472,418	8,677,789	5,023,092	3,796	(12,841,666)	863,011
Comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(529)	(36,023)	(36,552)
Balance, October 31, 2015	6,472,418	8,677,789	5,023,092	3,267	(12,877,689)	826,459
Comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(1,321)	(116,321)	(117,642)
Balance, July 31, 2016	6,472,418	8,677,789	5,023,092	1,946	(12,944,010)	708,817

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Bearing Resources Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash Flow

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

	For the Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016	For the Nine Months Ended July 31, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities		
Loss for the period	\$ (116,321)	\$ (474,256)
Items not affecting cash		
Loss on disposal of shares	-	1,570
Mineral Property write-down	-	345,057
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain)	200	(10,663)
Change in non-cash operating working capital		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable & prepaid expenses	(2,683)	(3,699)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable & accrued liabilities	7,605	2,005
	(111,199)	(139,986)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from capital dispositions/investment	-	5,630
	-	(139,986)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents	1,521	9,173
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(112,720)	(125,183)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of period	573,816	728,975
Cash and cash equivalents - End of period	\$ 461,096	\$ 603,792

OTHER SUPPLEMENT INFORMATION

Interest paid	\$	-	\$	-
Income taxes paid	\$	-	\$	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Bearing Resources Ltd.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

1. Nature of operations

Bearing Resources Ltd. (the "Company" or "Bearing") is engaged in the exploration and development of mineral properties in Mexico and Canada. The Company's registered office is Suite 2600, Oceanic Plaza, 1066 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. Bearing was incorporated on January 13, 2011 as 0900353 B.C. LTD. On March 25, 2011, Levon Resources Ltd. ("Levon") acquired Valley High Ventures Ltd. ("Valley High"), the predecessor corporation to the Company, by way of a court-approved plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement").

On May 5, 2015, the Company announced its proposal to complete a corporate reorganization (the "Reorganization") that would have transformed it from a mineral exploration company to a film, television and digital media company. The Reorganization would have included the reverse takeover of the Company by Odyssey Media Inc. ("Odyssey") and the concurrent disposition of the Company's mineral properties in exchange for shares of Commander Resources Inc. ("Commander"). On March 14, 2016, the Company announced the termination of this Reorganization with Odyssey but, subject to regulatory approval, is still pursuing the disposition of the Company's mineral properties with Commander whereby Bearing would receive 13,000,000 common shares of Commander and \$15,000 in cash (note 12).

On August 22, 2016, the Company consolidated its common shares on the basis of 4 pre-consolidation common shares to 1 post-consolidation common share. All the figures as to the number of common shares, stock options, prices of issued shares, exercise prices of stock options, as well as income (loss) per share, in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are post-consolidation amounts and the prior year comparatives have been retroactively restated to present the post-consolidation amounts.

2. Significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34- Interim Financial Reporting. The accounting policies followed in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved for issue on September 27, 2016 by the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board of Directors. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not contain all disclosures required under IFRS and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended October 31, 2015.

3. Exploration costs

Exploration costs are comprised of exploration and evaluation expenses on the following properties/ groupings. For an understanding of the properties/ groupings, reference should be made to note 4.

Bearing Resources Ltd.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

3. Exploration costs (continued)

For the three months ended July 31, 2016 (\$)	OctDome	Mexico	Other	Total
General & administration	-	3,365	-	3,365
Property Investigation	-	-	2,350	2,350
	-	3,365	2,350	5,715
For the three months ended July 31, 2015 (\$)	OctDome	Mexico	Other	Total
General & administration	-	8,191	-	8,191
	-	8,191	-	8,191
For the nine months ended July 31, 2016 (\$)	OctDome	Mexico	Other	Total
General & administration	-	11,047	-	11,047
Property Investigation	-	-	11,198	11,198
	-	11,047	11,198	22,246
For the nine months ended July 31, 2015 (\$)	OctDome	Mexico	Other	Total
General & administration	4,674	(5,567)	-	(893)
Geology & geochemistry	500	-	-	500
	5,174	(5,567)	-	(393)

4 Mineral property interests

Under the Company's accounting policy property acquisition costs are capitalized.

\$	OctDome	Mt Polley	Other	Total
October 31, 2014	555,057	13,325	25,004	593,386
Write-downs (recoveries)	(345,057)	-	-	(345,057)
October 31, 2015	210,000	13,325	25,004	248,329
July 31, 2016	210,000	13,325	25,004	248,329

The **October Dome gold property** is located northwest of Likely, British Columbia, Canada. A portion of the property is subject to a 2% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR"), with each 0.5% purchasable for \$500,000. A further portion is subject to a 1.5% NSR royalty. In April 2015, the Company wrote down its interest in October Dome as impairment is indicated by the terms of the proposed Commander Transaction (note 1). The amount of the write-down has been estimated based on the value of the cash and shares proposed to be received from Commander as of October 31, 2015 (note 12).

The **Mt. Polley copper-gold properties** are located adjacent to Imperial Metals Corporation's ("Imperial") Mt. Polley open-pit copper gold mine, northeast of Williams Lake, British Columbia, Canada. The Company has a 90% interest in a portion of the Lloyd claims and a 100% interest in the remaining Lloyd claims, subject to a 1.5% NSR royalty. The Company also has a 100% interest in the Nordik, Buc, and Calm claims subject to a 2% NSR royalty. The NSR royalty on each claim group with the exception of the Buc claims can be purchased for \$500,000 for each one-half percent.

Bearing Resources Ltd.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

4. Mineral property interests (continued)

The Mt. Polley properties previously included an additional area adjacent to Imperial's Boundary Zone that was sold to Imperial over which the Company retained a royalty interest. The royalty is \$2.50 per tonne for the first 400,000 tonnes of material milled and \$1.25 per tonne for all tonnes milled in excess of 400,000 tonnes. The royalty in excess of 400,000 tonnes can be reduced to \$0.62 per tonne for a payment of \$1,000,000. The Company is entitled to 90% of the aforementioned royalties (note 12).

In the **Yukon**, the Company's portfolio includes the Flume (subject to a 2.5% NSR), HY (subject to a 2% NSR), Jay, VM, VBA and Big properties. It also has royalties on properties owned by Aben Resources Ltd. (a 2% NSR on the VF property) and Precipitate Gold Corporation (a 2% NSR on the Jay East Property). In July 2013, the Company wrote down acquisition costs on its Yukon properties (excluding Flume).

In **Mexico**, the Pedro gold property is located near the city of Torreon, the property was previously drilled by Newmont de Mexico, S.A de C.V , under an option agreement that was terminated in 2014 (note 12).

5. Common shares*Authorized*

The Company has an unlimited number of authorized common shares without par value.

Effective August 22, 2016, the Company consolidated its issued and outstanding common shares and stock options on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for every four pre-consolidation common shares.

As a result of the share consolidations, the number of shares and options presented in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the exercise price for each option and warrant, and the calculated weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding for the purpose of loss per share calculation are based on the post-consolidation shares for all years presented.

6. Share stock options

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") that permits the grant of share purchase options up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company to directors, officers, key employees and consultants. Terms and pricing of options are determined at the date of grant in accordance with the Plan.

	2016		2015	
	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price \$
Outstanding - October 31	325,000	0.36	325,000	0.36
Expired	(125,000)	0.60	-	-
Outstanding, July 31	200,000	0.20	325,000	0.36

As of July 31, 2016, the following stock options were outstanding:

Number of options Outstanding	Number of options vested and exercisable	Exercise price \$	Expiry Date
200,000	200,000	0.20	August 1, 2019

For the nine months ended April 30, 2016 total share-based compensation expense was \$nil (2015 - \$nil).

Bearing Resources Ltd.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

7. Related party transactions

The Company considers the Officers of the Company to be key management personnel.

\$	Three Months Ended July 31, 2016	Three Months Ended July 31, 2015	Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016	Nine Months Ended July 31, 2015
Short-term employee benefits	9,250	17,716	32,188	73,569
Share-based payment expense	-	-	-	-
Total key management personnel	9,250	17,716	32,188	73,569

8. Geographic segmented information

The Company operates in a single operating segment, mineral exploration. The following table provides geographic information:

\$	Canada	Total
July 31, 2016		
Non-current assets	270,183	270,183
October 31, 2015		
Non-current assets	270,183	270,183

9. Capital risk management

The Company considers its common shares and options as capital. As the Company is in the exploration stage, its principal source of funds is from the issuance of common shares. It is the Company's objective to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can find new projects and continue to explore and develop its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders.

10. Financial instruments

Financial instruments include cash and any contracts that give rise to a financial asset to one party and a financial liability or equity instrument to another party. Financial instruments disclosure requires information about the classification and fair value of financial instruments, including their classification within a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to fair value measurements. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Fair Values

As at July 31, 2016, the Company's carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, reclamation bonds and deposits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short terms to maturity. The Company has no assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company deposits cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. Accounts receivable are primarily from governments.

Bearing Resources Ltd.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where indicated)

10. Financial instruments (continued)**Interest Rate Risk**

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash and cash equivalents held at July 31, 2016. A 100 basis point (1%) increase or decrease in the interest rate in 2016 would have resulted in approximately an \$3,458 change in the Company's reported loss for the period ended July 31, 2016 based on its closing balance.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company is reliant upon equity issuances as its sole source of cash. The Company manages liquidity risk by trying to maintain an adequate level of cash and cash equivalents to meet its ongoing obligations. The Company continuously reviews its actual expenditures and forecast cash flows and matches the maturity dates of its cash equivalents to capital and operating needs.

Currency Risk

As at July 31, 2016 the Company incurs expenses in Canadian dollars, Mexican pesos and United States dollars. The Company therefore has exposure to United States dollars as the functional currencies of the Company and its Mexican subsidiaries are Canadian dollars and Mexican pesos respectively. Both of these exposures are immaterial.

11. Commitments and contingencies

As part of the Arrangement, the Company agreed to indemnify Levon from any tax liabilities associated with the transfer of the assets to the Company from Valley High. At this time, the Company does not believe that any significant liabilities will arise as a result of this indemnification. This liability, if any, will not be known until all tax returns are completed.

12. Subsequent events

On September 23, 2016 Commander Resources Ltd. ("Commander") acquired all of the Company's mineral assets in Mexico and Canada with the exception of four 100% owned properties (HY-Jay, VBA, VM and Big), all in the Yukon,, in exchange for 12 million common shares of Commander and a cash payment of \$15,000.



**Management Discussion & Analysis
for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2016**

Dated: September 27, 2016

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

This Management Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A") is provided to enable the reader to assess material changes in financial condition and results of operations of Bearing Resources Ltd ("Bearing" or the "Company") for the nine months ended July 31, 2016. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated interim consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended July 31, 2016 and the audited consolidated financial statements of the company for the year ended October 31, 2015, prepared in accordance with international financial reporting standards ("IFRS") as issued by the international accounting standards board ("IASB"). This MD&A complements and supplements, but does not form part of the company's consolidated financial statements.

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements. Statements regarding the adequacy of cash resources to carry out the company's exploration programs or the need for future financing are forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements, including those not specifically identified herein, are made subject to cautionary language on page 8. Readers are advised to refer to the cautionary language when reading any forward-looking statements.

This MD&A is prepared in conformity with National Instrument 51-102F1. All dollar amounts referred to in this discussion and analysis are expressed in Canadian dollars except where indicated otherwise. This MD&A has taken into account information available up to and including September 27, 2016.

PROFILE AND CORPORATE UPDATE

Bearing Resources Ltd. ("Bearing" or the "Company") is a Canadian based company which has been focused on exploration for precious and base metals in North America. On March 14, 2016 it terminated a proposed corporate reorganization (the "Reorganization") that would have changed the company's business from mineral exploration into a film, television and digital media company. The Reorganization would have included the reverse takeover of the Company by Odyssey Media Inc. ("Odyssey") and the concurrent disposition of the Company's mineral properties in exchange for shares of Commander Resources Inc. ("Commander").

On September 23, 2016 Commander Resources Ltd. ("Commander") acquired all of the Company's mineral assets in Mexico and Canada with the exception of four 100% owned properties (HY-Jay, VBA, VM and Big), all in the Yukon,, in exchange for 12 million common shares of Commander and a cash payment of \$15,000.

Effective August 22, 2016, the Company consolidated its issued and outstanding common shares and stock options on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for every four pre-consolidation common shares. As a result of the share consolidations, the number of shares and options presented in the MD&A and condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the exercise price for each option, the calculated weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding for the purpose of loss per share calculation are based on the post-consolidation shares for all years presented.

Bearing was incorporated on January 13, 2011 as 0900353 B.C. LTD, a wholly owned subsidiary of Valley High Ventures Ltd. ("Valley High"). On March 25, 2011, Levon Resources Ltd. ("Levon") acquired Valley High, the predecessor corporation to the Company, by way of a court-approved plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement"), at which time Bearing began operating as a standalone entity. Bearing shares commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange on June 10, 2011 (BRZ.V).

EXPLORATION AND PROJECT UPDATE

Exploration Analysis (\$)	QUARTER							YTD		
	Q414	Q115	Q215	Q315	Q415	Q116	Q216	Q316	2015	2016
Property investigation	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,848	2,350	-	11,198
Drilling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General & administration	6,570	17,358	(26,442)	8,191	2,038	6,376	1,307	3,365	(893)	11,047
Geology & geochemistry	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	-
Subtotal	6,570	17,858	(26,442)	8,191	2,038	6,376	10,155	5,715	(393)	22,246
Write-downs	-	-	345,057	-	-	-	-	-	345,057	-
	6,570	17,858	318,615	8,191	2,038	6,376	10,155	5,715	344,664	22,246
Split Project / Region:										
Mexico	5,443	16,262	(30,020)	8,191	1,696	6,376	1,307	3,365	(5,567)	11,047
October Dome	1,127	1,596	348,635	-	342	-	-	-	350,231	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,848	2,350	-	11,198
Total exploration & acquisition	6,570	17,858	318,615	8,191	2,038	6,376	10,155	5,715	344,664	22,246

Expenditures by the Company over the last eight quarters were limited as the Company has elected to reduce its exploration activities in an effort to preserve its cash and maintain its treasury.

Mexico

Pedro Property, Durango

The wholly owned Pedro claims are located approximately 100 kilometres from the city of Torreon, and are bisected by a paved highway and power lines. Pedro is comprised of a number of targets including the HP Breccia prospect, a gold soil anomaly extending over a 1,800 x 600m area that coincides with extensive silicified sedimentary breccias and conglomerate, and the Las Lajas gold prospect.

In July 2014, Newmont de Mexico, S.A de C.V terminated an option agreement over the Pedro claims after having paid US\$50,000 and drilled 1,744m. For full details of the drill program reference should be made to the Company's news release dated July 3, 2014.

Canada

British Columbia Properties

October Dome

The 100% owned October Dome gold property, is located in the "Quesnel Trough" in central British Columbia, near the town of Likely. The October Dome property is located 10km north of Imperial Metals Corporation's ("Imperial") Mt. Polley porphyry copper gold mine property and 7 km to the southeast of Barkerville Gold Mines Ltd.'s QR skarn gold mine property. The October Dome claims are subject to net smelter return ("NSR") royalties of between 1.5% and 2%. The October Dome target is defined by a grid area of some 4.0 km by 1.1 km that has been surveyed by magnetic and Induced Polarization ("IP") surveys and soil geochemistry.

On May 5, 2015, the Company wrote down the property by \$345,057 as a result of an impairment indicator based on the value of the proposed Commander transaction (section 1).

Mt. Polley

The Mt. Polley properties are located adjacent to Imperial's Mt. Polley open-pit copper gold mine, which is approximately 100 km northeast of Williams Lake, British Columbia, Canada. The claims are subject to a NSR of up to 2%. The Mt. Polley properties had previously included an additional area (~37 hectares) adjacent to Imperial's Boundary Zone that was sold to Imperial and over which the Company retains a royalty. The royalty is \$2.50 per tonne for the first 400,000 tonnes of material milled and the \$1.25 per tonne for all tonnes milled in excess of 400,000 tonnes. The royalty per tonne in excess of 400,000 tonnes milled can be reduced to \$0.62 per tonne by Imperial making a payment of \$1 million. The Company is entitled to 90% of the royalty payments. Three royalty payments were received Q1 2012.

Yukon Properties

The Yukon properties include the Flume, HY, Jay, VM, VBA and Big properties. In addition, the Company has two separate royalties on properties owned by Aben Resources Ltd. and owned by Precipitate Gold Corporation.

Flume Property

In May 2013, Ryan Gold Corp ("RGC") terminated its option on the Flume property, after undertaking over \$1.5 million in expenditures (including a nine diamond drill hole (2,307m) program in November 2012). The results included the highlight hole F12-006 which included 2m of 5.76 g/t Au. For full details of the drill results, reference should be made to RGC's news release dated November 6, 2012. In December 2014, Bearing excised its underlying option to acquire the Flume property, the final payment was waived subject to an additional 0.5% NSR on the property. The Flume property is now subject to a 2.5% NSR.

HY Property

The Company has a 100% interest in the HY claims, subject to a 2% NSR.

NI 43-101 QUALIFIED PERSONS

Robert Cameron, PGeo, a qualified person as defined by National Instrument 43-101, has reviewed the scientific and technical information that forms the basis for the technical disclosure in this MD&A and has approved the disclosure with respect thereto herein. Mr. Cameron is not independent of the Company, as he is a President and Chief Executive Officer and holds incentive stock options.

OUTLOOK

The company is actively evaluating mineral property opportunities in the exploration stage of development. The Company is revising its business plan and expects to either directly or indirectly advance its current mineral property portfolio in addition to growing the company through acquisitions.

The Company may need additional funding in the near future through either equity or debt financing to acquire new projects and further develop its remaining portfolio. Many factors influence the Company's ability to raise funds, including the health of the capital market, the climate for mineral exploration investment and the Company's track record. Actual funding requirements may vary from those planned due to a number of factors, including the funding of new projects. Management is approaching all identifiable sources of equity capital, but there is no guarantee that the Company will be able to secure additional financings in the future at terms that are favourable.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended July 31, 2016, have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue in operation in the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and settle its liabilities in the normal course of business. At July 31, 2016, the Company had a working capital of \$438,531 (October 31, 2015 – \$556,188). The Company had a deficit of \$12,994,010 as at July 31, 2016 (October 31, 2015 – \$12,877,689).

Cash outflow for the nine months from operating activities was \$111,199 (2015: \$139,986) principally comprised of public company compliance costs, office costs and administrative labour. Costs are lower than the previous year as a result of continuing cost reduction initiatives. There were no cash flows from financing activities (2015: \$0). The Company believes it has sufficient cash and cash equivalents to maintain its current portfolio of exploration properties and meet its' working capital requirements for the next twelve months.

Bonds and reclamation deposits relate to the Mt Polley and October Dome properties. The Yukon mineral properties (JAY, HY, BIG/VBA and VM properties) have been written down to \$1 each. The remaining balance of \$25,000 relates to the Flume Property.

Commitments

Bearing provided Levon with an indemnification in respect of the tax payable on disposition of Bearing Resources Ltd., in the event that the fair market value of the assets transferred exceeds the tax pools available to Valley High upon acquisition.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND SELECT FINANCIAL DATA

For three months ended July 31, 2016 compared to three months ended July 31, 2015

During the three months ended July 31, 2016, the Company incurred a net loss of \$44,701 (July 31, 2015 – \$45,125). The higher loss in the three months ended July 31, 2016 was primarily related to increased operational activities related to the AGM and the Commander transaction. In addition, the Company has increased efforts related to business planning.

Audit, filing and legal fees increased by \$8,944, to \$25,209 for the three months ended July 31, 2016, from \$16,265 for the three months ended July 31, 2015, due to the increased legal activities related to the annual general meeting, property sales and general business planning.

Consulting and labour decreased by \$7,209, to \$12,689 for the three months ended July 31, 2016, from \$19,898 for the three months ended July 31, 2015, mainly due to cost cutting measures during the period ended July 31, 2016.

The realized loss on disposition of shares of \$1,570 in the three months ended July 31, 2015 is compared to nil for the three months ended July 31, 2016. There were no share sales during the three months ended July 31, 2016.

For nine months ended July 31, 2016 compared to nine months ended July 31, 2015

During the nine months ended July 31, 2016, the Company incurred a net loss of \$116,321 (July 31, 2015 – \$474,256). The lower loss in the nine months ended July 31, 2016, was primarily related to the write down of mineral property interests during the nine months ended July 31, 2015.

The write down of mineral property interests of \$345,057 in the nine months ended July 31, 2015 is compared to nil for the nine months ended July 31, 2016. There was no write down of property during the three months ended July 31, 2016.

Audit, filing and legal fees increased by \$7,578, to \$50,108 for the nine months ended July 31, 2016, from \$42,530 for the nine months ended July 31, 2015, due to the increased legal activities related to the annual general meeting, property sales and a general increase in business activity.

Consulting and labour decreased by \$51,110, to \$32,789 for the nine months ended July 31, 2016, from \$83,899 for the nine months ended July 31, 2015, mainly due to cost cutting measures during the period ended July 31, 2016.

The realized loss on disposition of shares of \$1,570 in the nine months ended July 31, 2015 is compared to nil for the nine months ended July 31, 2016. There were no share sales during the three months ended July 31, 2016.

Summary of quarterly results

The following table provides summary financial data for the Company's most recent eight quarters derived from the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements prepared in accordance with IAS 34.

Quarter ended		Revenue	Exploration expenditures	Net loss	Net loss and comprehensive loss	Basic and diluted loss per common share
Q3/16	July 31, 2016	\$ -	\$ 5,715	\$ (44,701)	\$ (45,066)	\$ (0.01)
Q2/16	April 30, 2016	-	10,155	(48,577)	(49,222)	(0.01)
Q1/16	January 31, 2016	-	6,376	(23,043)	(23,353)	(0.00)
Q4/15	October 31, 2015	-	2,038	(36,023)	(36,552)	(0.01)
Q3/15	July 31, 2015	-	8,191	(45,126)	(44,358)	(0.01)
Q2/15	April 30, 2015	-	(26,442)	(378,923)	(380,748)	(0.06)
Q1/15	January 31, 2015	-	17,858	(50,207)	(50,640)	(0.00)
Q4/14	October 31, 2014	-	6,570	(98,472)	(98,238)	(0.02)

As at	Quarter ended	Total Assets	Exploration Assets	Working capital
Q3/16	July 31, 2016	\$ 738,841	\$ 248,329	\$ 438,531
Q2/16	April 30, 2016	765,869	248,329	483,634
Q1/16	January 31, 2016	831,522	248,329	539,239
Q4/15	October 31, 2015	848,878	248,329	556,188
Q3/15	July 31, 2015	882,507	248,329	592,782
Q2/15	April 30, 2015	927,503	248,329	637,186
Q1/15	January 31, 2015	1,302,383	593,386	672,813
Q4/14	October 31, 2014	1,356,248	593,386	723,504

The primary factors affecting the magnitude and variations of the Company's losses are as follows:

Expenditures by the Company over the last eight quarters were limited as the Company has elected to reduce its exploration activities in an effort to preserve its cash and maintain its treasury.

In Q2 2015, the Company received approximately \$37,000 in refund from value added taxes in Mexico and also wrote down the OctDome property by \$345,057 as a result of impairment indicators arising from the proposed transaction with Commander. The expenditures in Q3 2015 and Q1 2016 relate principally to the payment of mining rights to maintain our claims in Mexico. In Q2 2016 the Company evaluated an exploration opportunity that did not culminate in a deal occurring.

As the Company is in the exploration stage it has no revenues. Audit, filing and legal fees in Q2 and Q3 2014 are up slightly due to the costs associated with the Company's annual general meeting. Q3 and Q4 2015 include the cost of an auditor review of the interim financial statements in connection with the subsequently terminated transaction with Odyssey. Expenditures in Q4 2015 and Q1 2016 were principally associated with maintaining the company in good standing. Included in Q2 2016 were legal costs associated with a property acquisition that didn't transpire.

Q2 2014 costs decreased as the President and CEO started working part-time effective January 1, 2014, effective May 1, 2015, the President and CEO agreed to pay on "as needed basis" which has further reduced the consulting and labour costs in Q3 2015.

Rent and office costs include insurance and communication costs. Share-based compensation expenses in Q4 2014 related to the stock option grant on August 1, 2014.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at September 27, 2016, there are:

- 6,472,418 (October 31, 2015: 6,472,418) common shares outstanding;
- There were 200,000 stock options outstanding (July 31, 2016 – 200,000)
- There were no warrants outstanding (October 31, 2015 – Nil)

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 23, 2016 Commander Resources Ltd. ("Commander") acquired all of the Company's mineral assets in Mexico and Canada with the exception of four 100% owned properties (HY-Jay, VBA, VM and Big), all in the Yukon,, in exchange for 12 million common shares of Commander and a cash payment of \$15,000.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company considers the Robert Cameron, CEO, Ann Fehr, CFO and Damian Towns, former CFO to be key management personnel.

\$	Three Months Ended July 31, 2016	Three Months Ended July 31, 2015	Nine Months Ended July 31, 2016	Nine Months Ended July 31, 2015
Short-term employee benefits	9,250	17,716	32,188	73,569
Share-based payment expense	-	-	-	-
Total key management personnel	9,250	17,716	32,188	73,569

There were no balances payable to or receivable from related parties at July 31, 2016.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements for the nine months ended July 31, 2016.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

The Company does not currently have any proposed transactions approved by the Board of Directors. All current transactions are fully disclosed in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended July 31, 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information provided in this report, including the condensed interim Financial Statements, is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future values for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying condensed interim financial statements.

RISKS, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES & POLICIES

For a full version of the critical accounting estimates and policies, reference should be made to the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2015.

Disclosure Controls and Internal Control Financial Reporting

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information is gathered and reported to senior management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to permit timely decisions regarding public disclosure. Management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in the rules of the Canadian Securities Administration, as at July 31, 2016. Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted by the Company under Canadian securities legislation.

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Any system of internal control over financial reporting, no matter how well designed, has inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Management in its opinion has designed internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes. However, a material weakness exists in the design of internal control over financial reporting caused by a lack of adequate segregation of duties in the financial close process. The Chief Financial Officer is responsible for preparing, authorizing, and reviewing information that is key to the preparation of financial reports. He is also responsible for preparing and reviewing the resulting financial reports. This weakness has the potential to result in material misstatements in the Company's financial statements. Management has concluded, and the audit committee has agreed that taking into account the present stage of the Company's development, the Company does not have sufficient size and scale to warrant the hiring of additional staff to correct the weakness at this time.

The Canadian Securities Administrators do not require any certification on the effectiveness of these controls at this time. There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period ended July 31, 2016, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

Other Risks

Reference should be made to the Company's risks and critical accounting policies and practices section of the October 31, 2015 Management Discussion and Analysis for a complete discussion on the risk factors associated with Government Laws, Regulation & Permitting; Additional Financing; Key Management and Competition; Title to Properties; Commodity Prices and Conflicts of Interest amongst other things.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Estimates, risks and uncertainties

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In applying its accounting policy for costs incurred during the exploration phase the Company must determine whether the criteria for capitalization have been met. The most difficult and subjective estimate is whether a project will generate probable future economic benefits. Management considers all appropriate facts and circumstances in making this assessment including historical experience, expected market demand, costs and future economic conditions.

Realization of the Company's assets and liabilities is subject to risks and uncertainties, including reserve and resource estimation, future base and precious metal prices, estimated costs of future production, changes in government legislation and regulations, estimated deferred income taxes, the availability of financing, and various operational factors.

If, after deferred acquisition costs are capitalized, information becomes available suggesting the recovery of such costs is unlikely, the relevant capitalized amount is written off in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss in the period when the information becomes available. Management believes that the estimates involving its exploration and evaluation assets and expenditures are reasonable.

Exploration and evaluation costs

Exploration and evaluation costs include costs to acquire rights to explore, geological studies, exploratory drilling and sampling and directly attributable administrative costs. Exploration and evaluation costs relating to non-specific projects or properties or those incurred before the Company has obtained legal rights to explore an area are expensed in the period incurred. Property acquisition costs are capitalized.

Exploration and evaluation costs, other than property acquisition costs, are recognized as mineral property interests on the statement of financial position when management has established that a resource exists and that the costs can be economically recovered. Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of resources from a particular mineral property has been determined, exploration and evaluation assets are reclassified to mine properties within property, plant and equipment. Proceeds from the sale of properties or cash proceeds received from option payments are recorded as a reduction of the related mineral property interest.

Other accounting policies

Reference should be made to the risks, and critical accounting policies and practices section of the October 31, 2015 Management Discussion and Analysis for other accounting policies including but not limited to Foreign currency translation; Income taxes; Loss per share; Financial Instruments and Future accounting pronouncements.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements included in this "MD&A" constitute forward-looking statements, including those identified by the expressions "anticipate", "believe", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "should" and similar expressions to the extent they relate to the Business or its management. The forward-looking statements are not historical facts but reflect current expectations regarding future results or events. This MD&A contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and various estimates, factors and assumptions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors.

Information concerning the interpretation of drill results also may be considered forward-looking statements; as such information constitutes a prediction of what mineralization might be found to be present if and when a project is actually developed. The estimates, risks and uncertainties described in this MD&A are not necessarily all of the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the Company's forward-looking statements. In addition, any forward-looking statements represent the Company's estimates only as of the date of this MD&A and should not be relied upon as representing the Company's estimates as of any subsequent date. The material factors and assumptions that were applied in making the forward-looking statements in this MD&A include: (a) execution of the Company's existing plans or exploration programs for each of its properties, either of which may change due to changes in the views of the Company, or if new information arises which makes it prudent to change such plans or programs; and (b) the accuracy of current interpretation of drill and other exploration results, since new information or new interpretation of existing information may result in changes in the Company's expectations. Readers should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements, as the Company's actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements if known or unknown risks, uncertainties or other factors affect the Company's business, or if the Company's estimates or assumptions prove inaccurate. Therefore, the Company cannot provide any assurance that forward-looking statements will materialize.

APPROVAL

The Company's Board of Directors has approved the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended July 31, 2016. The Company's Board of Directors has also approved the disclosures contained in this MD&A. A copy of this MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it and is available on the Company's website and www.sedar.com.



www.bearingresources.ca

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